Test of Iterative Solvers on ITBL

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## Test of Iterative Solvers

• TiS is <u>an internet calculator for solving</u> <u>Linear System of Equations Ax = b</u> with preconditioned Krylov subspace methods.

## Test of Iterative Solvers

• TiS is a tool for <u>finding appropriate</u> <u>precoditioner and iterative solver</u> for a given Linear System of Equations Ax = bwith no programming effort.

## Test of Iterative Solvers

• TiS is a joining project of users, researchers, and ITBL administrator for <u>making a new</u> research community.

Q1: Is it possible that a certain preconditioner and iterative solver is the best for any problem?

Answer: It is impossible. Q2: Are there any public computation services via the internet?

Answer:

Maybe No. At least I do not know.

## Test of Iterative Solvers provides:

- Testing some iterative solvers and preconditioners for users' problem
- Public computation service via ITBL Grid portal
- Utilizing given problems for future analysis
- Making a new research community

## What is the ITBL?

- Information-Technology-Based Laboratory
- One of Japanese national Grid projects
- Virtual Research Environment – Searching new research style based on IT
- The purpose of ITBL
  - Anywhere
  - Anybody
  - Anytime
  - Chance to meet people
- > Joining institutes: NIMS, NIED, JAXA, JAERI, RIKEN, and JST







Evaluation of iterative solvers and preconditioners for Ax=b

## Users:

(Give) Provide their problem A and b

(Take)

Get solution x and a comparison chart

## Researchers:

### (Give)

Provide their algorithms (Iterative solvers and preconditioners) as a code

### (Take)

Get a right to use stored data for future research



(Give)

Provide computing resources for public use

### (Take)

Collect and store performance result for comparing computing environments







#### Data Format MatrixMarket's format and right-hand side (1)(2)(3) % comment % comment % comment N, NNZ N, NNZ N, NNZ b i, j, a<sub>i.i</sub> b i, j, a<sub>i,j</sub> h ${x_0}$ $\{x_0\}$ $\{x_0\}$ i, j, a<sub>i.i</sub> \* N is dimension, NNZ is number of Non-Zero elements

## Iterative Solvers

- BiCG
- CGS
- BiCGSTAB
- BiCGSTAB(l)
- GPBiCG
- GMRES(k)
- QMR
- Jacobi
- Gauss-Seidel
- SOR
  - LiS by Dr. Kotakemori is used for computation kernel

## Preconditioners

- No
- Scaling
- Jacobi
- Incomplete LU
- SSOR
- Hybrid
- I+S type
- SAIMV

- LiS by Dr. Kotakemori is used for computation kernel

## How large problem can be solved

- 3D problem with Nx = Ny = Nz = 100 N: number of unknown is 10<sup>6</sup>
- i, j, a<sub>i,i</sub> ~ Each entry is almost 50 byte
- Case of FDM : 7\*50\*10^6 ~ 350 Mbyte

The maximum problem size is one million!

How much time is necessary for uploading the problem

Assume 500 Mbyte ( N ~ 10^6 )

- 1.5 Mbit/sec (ADSL at home) 2,700 sec ~ 45 min ~ 1 hour
- 100 Mbit/sec (very good IT office) 40 sec ~ 1min

# How much time is necessary for solving the problem

- It depends on computing environment
- It depends on Grid scheduling
- Only waiting to finish
- Total Time = "Time of basic operation" \* "number of iterations"

## How much time is necessary for downloading solution and comparison

Solution (N ~ 10<sup>6</sup>) ~ 30 Mbyte Comparison is one PNG file ~ 1Mbyte

- 1.5 Mbit/sec (ADSL at home) 170 sec ~ 3 min
- 100 Mbit/sec (very good IT office) 3 sec







## Please use TiS

- Before choosing an appropriate algorithm
- For checking the correctness of your code
- For analyzing the property of your data
- For requesting a new algorithm
- To complete your homework quickly!

### Summary

- TiS is a new computation service on ITBL
- Public service (any people, no charge)
- Choose the best solver and preconditioner with no programming effort
- We appreciate your use of TiS as a user or as a researcher, and your comments
- Please visit
  - www.itbl.jp